GABRIEL COMMONS UNIT OWNERS ASSOCIATION MAINTENANCE PLAN UPDATE RESERVE STUDY LEVEL III: UPDATE WITH NO VISUAL SITE INSPECTION BUDGET YEAR

January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021



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RESERVE STUDY SERVICES
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GABRIEL COMMONS UNIT OWNERS ASSOCIATION

Executive Summary

Year of Report:

January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021

Number of Units:

34 Units

Parameters:

Beginning Balance: \$222,615

Year 2021 Suggested Contribution: \$76,000

Year 2021 Projected Interest Earned: \$116

Inflation: 2.50%

Annual Increase to Suggested Contribution: 2.50%

Lowest Cash Balance Over 30 Years (Threshold): \$55,986

Average Reserve Assessment per Unit: \$186.27

Prior Year's Actual Contribution: \$73,299

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Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Maintenance Plan Update Reserve Study Update – Offsite Disclosure Information 2021

We have conducted an offsite reserve study update and maintenance plan update for Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association for the year beginning January 1, 2021, in accordance with guidelines established by Community Associations Institute and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

This reserve study and maintenance plan are in compliance with the legislative changes made in 2007 to ORS Chapters 94 and 100.

We have no other involvement with the Association other than providing the reserve study and maintenance plan.

Schwindt & Company believes that every association should have a complete building envelope inspection within 12 months of completion of all construction and after 5 years of existence. This inspection must be performed by a licensed building envelope inspector. Ongoing inspections of the property should be performed by a licensed inspector, with the exception of a roof inspection which may be performed by a licensed roofing contractor.

Assumptions used for inflation, interest, and other factors are detailed in page 21. Income tax factors were not considered due to the uncertainty of factors affecting net taxable income and the election of tax form to be filed.

The Association had a property condition assessment done in 2016. It found elevated moisture readings numerous discontinuities and mis-laps of weather resistive barriers. They recommended replacement of the siding in 2018. For more information please see the report completed by CERTA Building Solutions. The Association should consider replacement of windows and doors (unit owner responsibility) at that time.

The Association plans to pay for the siding replacement, initial painting of siding and seismic upgrade of the buildings with special assessment in 2022.

David T. Schwindt, the representative in charge of this report, is a designated Reserve Study Specialist, Professional Reserve Analyst, and Certified Public Accountant licensed in the states of Oregon, Washington, California, and Arizona.

All information regarding the useful life and cost of reserve components was derived from the Association, local vendors, and/or from various construction pricing and scheduling manuals.

The terms RS Means, National Construction Estimator, and Fannie Mae Expected Useful Life Tables and Forms refer to construction industry estimating databases that are used throughout the industry to establish cost estimates and useful life estimates for common building components and products. We suggest that the Association obtain firm bids for these services.





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According to the Association, the insurance deductible is included in the operating budget.

According to Article 4 of the Declaration, the General Common Elements includes all walls, roofs, foundation and shall in general consist of all portions of the structures and improvements which are not units.

According to Article 6 of the Declaration, the Limited Common Elements include the patios and decks, garage driveways, entry ways and outside halls, attics and crawlspaces.

According to the Association, the windows and doors are considered to be part of the unit and are the responsibility of the unit owner.

We are not aware of any material issues which, if not disclosed, would cause a material distortion of this report.

Increases in Roofing and Painting Costs.

Over the last several years, roofing, painting and other costs have increased at a dramatic pace. Schwindt & Company has noted this in our reserve studies. We were not sure if this was a temporary price increase or the new normal in pricing. We are now of the opinion that these increased prices will most likely continue. Roofing costs have nearly doubled and painting costs have increased 50%. It is still possible to keep the increases to a minimum if Associations can find a vendor that will perform the work at a reduced price, however, these vendors are becoming rare.

The main reason for increased prices aside from normal cost increases appear to be the availability of labor. Many workers left the industry during the downturn and have not reentered the job market thus driving up wage costs to attract qualified workers. Roofers and painters are also seeing increased demand for their services due to aging association property. These factors have created the perfect storm for increased prices.

These increases are being built in to cost estimates and required contributions. Associations have seen an increase in the suggested reserve contributions beginning with the 2018/2019 budget years and depending on the year the roofing and painting projects occur, the increases may be substantial. As of 2020 we are seeing the prices remain at the elevated rate.

Certain information, such as the beginning balance of reserve funds and other information as detailed on the component detail reports, was provided by Association representatives and is deemed to be reliable by us. This reserve study is a reflection of the information provided to us and cannot be used for the purpose of performing an audit, a quality/forensic analysis, or background checks of historical records.

Site visits should not be considered a project audit or quality inspection of the Association's property. This site visit does not evaluate the condition of the property to determine the useful life or needed repairs. Schwindt & Company suggests that the Association perform a building envelope inspection to determine the condition, performance, and the useful life of all the components.

Certain costs outlined in the reserve study are subjective and, as a result, are for planning purposes only. The Association should obtain firm bids at the time of work. Actual costs will depend upon the scope of work as defined at the time the repair, replacement, or restoration is performed. All estimates relating to future work are good faith estimates and projections are based on the estimated inflation rate, which may or may not prove accurate. All future costs and life expectancies should be reviewed and adjusted annually.

This reserve study, unless specifically stated in the report, assumes no fungi, mold, asbestos, lead paint, urea-formaldehyde foam insulation, termite control substances, other chemicals, toxic wastes, radon gas, electro-magnetic radiation or other potentially hazardous materials (on the surface or sub-surface), or termites on the property. The existence of any of these substances may adversely affect the accuracy of this reserve study. Schwindt & Company assumes no responsibility regarding such conditions, as we are not qualified to detect substances, determine the impact, or develop remediation plans/costs.

Since destructive testing was not performed, this reserve study does not attempt to address latent and/or patent defects. Neither does it address useful life expectancies that are abnormally short due either to improper design, installation, nor to subsequent improper maintenance. This reserve study assumes all components will be reasonably maintained for the remainder of their life expectancy.

Physical Analysis:

New projects generally include information provided by developers and/or refer to drawings.

Full onsite reserve studies generally include field measurements and do not include destructive testing. Drawings are usually not available for existing projects.

Onsite updates generally include observations of physical characteristics, but do not include field measurements.

The client is considered to have deemed previously developed component quantities as accurate and reliable. The current work is reliant on the validity of prior reserve studies.

This reserve study should be reviewed carefully. It may not include all common and limited common element components that will require major maintenance, repair, or replacement in future years, and may not include regular contributions to a reserve account for the cost of such maintenance, repair, or replacement. The failure to include a component in a reserve study, or to provide contributions to a reserve account for a component, may, under some circumstances, require homeowners to pay on demand (as a special assessment) their share of common expenses for the cost of major maintenance, repair, or replacement of a reserve component.

GABRIEL COMMONS UNIT OWNERS ASSOCIATION

MAINTENANCE PLAN BUDGET YEAR

January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Executive Summary of Maintenance Plan

Regular maintenance of common elements is necessary to insure the maximum useful life and optimum performance of components. Of particular concern are items that may present a safety hazard to residents or guests if they are not maintained in a timely manner and components that perform a water-proofing function.

This maintenance plan is a cyclical plan that calls for maintenance at regular intervals. The frequency of the maintenance activity and the cost of the activity at the first instance follow a short descriptive narrative. This maintenance plan should be reviewed on an annual basis when preparing the annual operating budget for the Association.

Checklists, developed by Reed Construction Data, Inc., can be photocopied or accessed from the RS Means website:

http://www.rsmeans.com/supplement/67346.asp

They can be used to assess and document the existing condition of an Association's common elements and to track the carrying out of planned maintenance activities.

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Maintenance Plan 2021

Pursuant to Oregon State Statutes Chapters 94 and 100, which require a maintenance plan as an integral part of the reserve study, the maintenance procedures are as follows:

The Board of Directors should refer to this maintenance plan each year when preparing the annual operating budget for the Association to ensure that annual maintenance costs are included in the budget for the years that they are scheduled.

Property Inspection

Schwindt & Company recommends that a provision for the annual inspection of common area components be included in the maintenance plan for all associations. This valuable management tool will help to ensure that all components achieve a maximum useful life expectancy and that they function as intended throughout their lifespan.

The inspection should be performed by a qualified professional and should include a written summary of conclusions with specific recommendations for any needed repairs or maintenance.

We suggest that the Association obtain firm bids for this service.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Annually

Building Envelope Inspection

Schwindt & Company recommends that all associations perform a building envelope inspection within 12 months of substantial completion of all construction or immediately upon detection of any water intrusion or mold problems. This inspection process may involve invasive testing if the problems detected are serious enough to warrant such measures.

The inspection should be performed by an architect, engineer, or state-licensed inspector who is specifically trained in forensic waterproofing analysis. The report should include a written summary of findings with recommendations for needed repairs or maintenance procedures.

All reserve studies and maintenance plans prepared by Schwindt & Company assume that any such recommendations will be followed and that all work will be performed by qualified professionals.

A complete envelope inspection will usually be required only one time although a visual review of the building exterior may be advisable on a periodic basis under certain circumstances. The Association should consult with the inspector(s) who performed the original assessment to determine the best course of action for their individual situation.

We suggest that the Association obtain firm bids for this service.

Frequency: Every 5 years

Roof Inspection

Schwindt & Company recommends that a provision for the periodic inspection and maintenance of roofing and related components be included in the maintenance plan for all associations.

The frequency of this inspection will vary based on the age, condition, complexity, and remaining useful life of the roof system. As the roof components become older, the Association is well advised to consider increasing the frequency of this critical procedure.

The inspection should be performed by a qualified roofing professional and should include a written summary of conclusions with specific recommendations for any needed repairs or maintenance. Recommended maintenance should be performed promptly by a licensed roofing contractor.

We suggest that the Association obtain firm bids for this service.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Refer to roof warranty for frequency

Lighting: Exterior & Common Area Interior – Inspection/Maintenance

Note: Replacement of flickering or burned-out bulbs or lamps should be immediate.

Lighting is a crucial element in the provision of safety and security. All lighting systems should be inspected frequently and care must be taken to identify and correct deficiencies.

Various fixture and lamp types may be used according to area needs. Lighting systems should be designed to provide maximum, appropriate illumination at minimal energy expenditures. Lighting maintenance processes should include a general awareness of factors that cause malfunctions in lighting systems, such as dirt accumulation and lumen depreciation. It is important to fully wash, rather than drywipe, exterior surfaces to reclaim light and prevent further deterioration.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

Repairs and inspections should be completed by a qualified professional.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association as general property maintenance expense.

Frequency: Bi-Weekly

Exterior Stairs, Decks, Balconies, & Patios

A method should be adopted for owners to report problems.

Individual decks and balconies should be carefully checked, particularly concrete and wood, on a monthly basis. Concrete should be reviewed for deficiencies such as alkali-aggregate expansion, honeycombing, chips, cracks, stains, lifted areas, tripping hazards, and/or unevenness. Railings should be reviewed for stability, hardware, and overall condition. Wood should be reviewed for deficiencies, such as dry rot, termites, instability, worn edges, cracks, holes and splintering. Footing/foundation should be reviewed for stability and overall condition deficiencies, such as cracks and broken or missing components. A safety review should include, but not be limited to, the sufficient distance maintained between flammables and other surfaces, as well as the overall condition of access points such as doors, windows, screens and thresholds.

Frequency: Monthly

Hot Water Heater – Common Area Only – Inspection/Maintenance

Maintenance of the hot water heater includes regularly scheduled inspections and maintenance.

The water heater and related components should be checked for water leaks and fuel supply leaks. The water heater and related components should also be checked for proper operation and settings. Filters should be changed and all components serviced as required. The surrounding area should be cleaned at the time of servicing.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

Inspections and maintenance should be performed by a qualified, licensed service provider.

We understand that this expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Monthly to Annually

Swimming Pool & Spa

Swimming pool maintenance should be performed in conjunction with a service contractor. Preventive maintenance in this area consists of validating all equipment is present and functional on a monthly basis. Only certified professionals should complete repairs or maintenance procedures more advanced than manufacturer's prescribed chemical treatments and cleaning. Maintenance staff should accompany the certified professional during statutory inspections and maintenance to ensure that the physical work complies with contract and manufacturer's specifications.

Preventive maintenance includes, but is not limited to, the review of the following: automatic fill device function; electrical component condition; pump/filter/chlorination function; thermostat; and heater function.

Whirlpools should be reviewed for the function of the timer, drainage, and emergency switch.

Deck surface condition should be reviewed for deficiencies such as rough areas and tripping and

slippage hazards. Fence and gates should be reviewed for the function of the anchors, latches and the overall condition. Handrails and ladders should be reviewed for stability, hardware and overall condition. Steps and treads should be reviewed for security and tread condition.

Safety equipment should be reviewed for its condition and function including, but not limited to, the following: the location and condition of the life ring; emergency telephone equipment; compliance of signage with codes and standards; visibility and overall condition of the signage; and fire extinguishers tag currency, placement, housing, hose, and overall condition.

Note: Any and all electrical outlets near water should be serviced by a ground-fault circuit-interrupter (GFI) to protect users from electrical shock.

Water condition and cleanliness should be reviewed and must comply with local health standards. The County Health Department or local water management authority determines health standards in most communities. Standards must be posted within the pool area.

Pool tile/plaster should be reviewed for its overall condition.

During the off-season when the pool is covered, check the security of the fastening system monthly to make sure it hasn't been tampered with.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Monthly

Windows & Doors

The performance of and payment for the maintenance and repairs of windows and doors is solely the responsibility of the owners. Owners should be made aware of the consequence of not maintaining their property. A method should be adopted for owners to report problems.

These maintenance procedures should also be performed on the common building. This expense for the common buildings should be included in the Association's operating budget and may be considered part of the annual property inspection.

Exterior window and door casings, sashes, and frames should be inspected annually for twisting, cracking, deterioration, or other signs of distress. Hardware and weather stripping should be checked for proper operation and fit. Gaskets and seals should be reviewed for signs of moisture intrusion. Weep holes should be cleaned. These building envelope components should be repaired and replaced as necessary.

Frequency: Monthly

Gutters & Downspouts

Schwindt & Company recommends that all gutters and downspouts be cleaned, visually inspected, and repaired as required every six months in the spring and fall.

This important maintenance procedure will help to ensure that the gutters and downspouts are free-flowing at all times, thus preventing the backup of water within the drainage system. Such backup can lead to water ingress issues along the roof edges, around scuppers or other roof penetrations, and at sheet metal flashing or transition points that rely on quick and continuous discharge of water from surrounding roof surfaces to maintain a watertight building exterior.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Semiannually, more often if necessary

Exterior Walls

The siding, trim, and other wood building components should be inspected for loose, missing, cracked or otherwise damaged components. Sealant joints should be checked for missing or cracked sealant.

Painted surfaces should be checked for paint deterioration, bubbling, or other signs of deterioration.

Dryer vents should be checked **twice a year** and cleared of lint. Also check operation of exhaust baffles to make sure they are present and that they move freely. Exhaust ducts should be cleared of debris **every 3 years**.

The payment for maintenance and the performance of maintenance repair of dryer vents, exhaust baffles, and exhaust ducts is solely the responsibility of the owners.

Any penetrations of the building envelope such as utility lines and light fixtures should be checked annually for signs of water intrusion. Hose bibs should be checked for leaks and other failures. Each hose bib should be shut off and drained during the winter to prevent damage from freezing.

Annual inspections to check for signs of water intrusion should be made of the building envelope interfaces such as where the windows intersect with the walls and where the walls intersect with the roof.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

Inspections should be made by a qualified professional.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Annually

Fence – Swimming Pool - Inspection

Metal fences require regular inspection of paint condition, rust and other corrosion, and vegetation and trash buildup. The overall condition of the fence should be reviewed for deficiencies such as vegetation

encroachment, debris buildup, holes, sagging areas, missing segments, rust, and/or vandalism.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

This expense should be included in the Association's operating budget and may be considered part of the annual property inspection.

Frequency: Annually

Trees - Maintenance

The Association will be responsible for trimming trees in the common area throughout the property. Trees and shrubs should be kept clear of the building components.

We suggest that the Association obtain firm bids for this service.

This expense should be included in the Association's operating budget.

Frequency: Annually

Landscape Maintenance

The Association will be responsible for maintenance and upkeep of common area landscape throughout the property. This may include mowing lawn, removal of weeds, and dead-heading of flowers. Landscape techniques vary depending on the foliage and season.

We suggest that the Association obtain firm bids for this service.

This expense should be included in the Association's operating budget.

Frequency: Annually

Lawn Irrigation System

Periodic maintenance to the lawn irrigation system should be anticipated with this type of component. These maintenance procedures will include replacement of the control mechanism, replacement of damaged piping, upgrading of sprinkler heads and valve components, and any other work that is advised by repair professionals.

In recent years, improvements have been made to this type of system which has increased the efficiency of the water distribution process. Such improvements can be expected to continue to be made and the owners of such systems are well advised to plan on periodic upgrades to maintain the efficiency of their systems.

Lawn irrigation systems also require periodic testing to ensure proper operation. Sometimes this testing is mandated by ordinance or building codes. All work on lawn irrigation systems must be performed by

licensed contractors who specialize in this type of work.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Annually

Sewer Laterals – Inspection/Maintenance

All drain lines in the facility connect to the main drain, which is referred to as the "sewer", beyond the foundation. All sewer lines outside of the foundation have cleanout points at various locations. Reaming from these points requires the use of a high power hose, hydro-jet, or power equipment. Sewer laterals should be annually reamed from clean-out points by in-house personnel.

Inspections and maintenance should be performed by a qualified, licensed service provider.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association.

Frequency: Annually

Storm Drains

Storm drains or sewers are underground systems used to collect and dispose of surface water. They carry large quantities of water away from paved surface areas, and should be kept clean to prevent the accumulation of dirt and debris. They should be cleaned and flushed annually to ensure blockages are removed and piping is functional. If drains tend to become clogged frequently, they should be inspected and cleaned more often.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

This expense should be included in the annual operating budget for the Association as a general property maintenance expense.

Frequency: Annually

Exterior Siding Maintenance – Painting

Maintenance of the exterior siding includes regularly scheduled cleaning and inspection of the surface areas for cracks, peeling paint or other sealants, deterioration of the base material, and failure of caulking or other sealant materials that serve a waterproofing function.

This maintenance provision is for the periodic painting of the exterior siding. The siding should be cleaned, repaired as required, and primed and painted with premium quality exterior house paint in accordance with the siding manufacturer's specifications. The work should be performed by a qualified, licensed painting contractor.

This expense is included in the reserve study for the Association.

Frequency: Every 7 years

Asphalt - Seal Coating

Maintenance of asphalt paving includes the periodic application of an asphalt emulsion sealer or "seal coat". This procedure is typically performed every 4 to 7 years, depending on a variety of factors that can affect the useful life of the sealer.

Vehicle traffic is one such factor, and associations that have asphalt paving that carries considerable vehicle traffic should consider a maintenance program that calls for seal coating of asphalt driving surfaces as frequently as every 4 years.

This maintenance procedure involves thoroughly cleaning all pavements, filling of any surface cracks and patching of any locally damaged pavement surfaces. The emulsion sealer is then applied.

This work should be performed by a licensed paving contractor.

This expense is included in the reserve study for the Association.

Frequency: Every 6 years

Backflow Device Maintenance

Maintenance of the backflow device and components related to the water system includes, but is not limited to, inspecting for leaks under pressure and checking for damage or deterioration.

Annual maintenance on the backflow device includes the testing and calibrating of valve operation. Air should be bled from the backflow preventer and the area should be cleaned.

Inspections and maintenance should be performed by a qualified, licensed service provider.

Deficiencies, required maintenance, and required repairs after completion of the review should be noted by the maintenance contractor and/or association representatives.

This maintenance item should be included in the Association's annual operating budget.

Frequency: Annually

Attics & Crawl Spaces

Attic should be inspected annually to make sure all vents are free of obstructions and exhaust ducts are tight lined to the exterior. Owners should consult a professional if mold is detected.

Crawl spaces should be checked annually to make sure all vents are free of obstructions. Owners should make sure that the finish grade is below the height of the vents and vents are clear of debris. Crawl space should be checked for signs of water intrusion or moisture damage to the building structure.

Owners should consult a professional if water related damage is discovered.

Frequency: Annually

Concrete Pavement

Maintenance of the concrete pavement should include cleaning the surface areas with pressure washing equipment. The pavement should also be visually reviewed for signs of undue stress and cracking. Noticeable cracks should be filled with a suitable concrete crack filler to prevent penetration of moisture below the concrete surface which will undermine the integrity of the base material over time.

Frequency: Annually

This maintenance plan is designed to preserve and extend the useful life of assets and is dependent upon proper inspection and follow up procedures.

GABRIEL COMMONS UNIT OWNERS ASSOCIATION RESERVE STUDY LEVEL III: UPDATE WITH NO VISUAL SITE INSPECTION BUDGET YEAR

January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Category Detail Index

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	Total Funded Assets	35	
	Total Unfunded Assets	_1	
	Total Assets	36	

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Property Description

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association consists of 17 buildings with 34 units located in Portland, Oregon. The buildings are 2 stories tall with cedar siding and composition shingle roofs. The buildings were built in 1972. There is a pool and pool building. The Association shall provide exterior improvements upon each unit, such as paint, maintenance, repair and replacement of roofs, gutters, downspouts, rain drains, and exterior building surfaces. The individual homeowners are responsible for all maintenance and repairs of their home, including windows and doors.

A site visit was performed by Schwindt & Company in 2016. Schwindt & Co did not investigate components for defects, materials, design or workmanship. This would ordinarily be considered in a complete building envelope inspection. Our condition assessment considers if the component is wearing as intended. All components are considered to be in fair condition and appear to be wearing as intended unless noted otherwise in the component detail.

Funds are being accumulated in the replacement fund based on estimates of future need for repairs and replacement of common property components. Actual expenditures, investment income, and provisions for income taxes however, may vary from estimated amounts, and variations may be material. Therefore, amounts accumulated in the replacement fund may not be adequate to meet future funding needs.

If additional funds are needed, the Association has the right, subject to 2/3 member approval, to increase regular assessments, levy special assessments, otherwise the Association may delay repairs or replacements until funds are available.

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association

Portland, Oregon

Cash Flow Method - Threshold Funding Model Summary

Report Date	December 10, 2020
Budget Year Beginning Budget Year Ending	January 1, 2021 December 31, 2021
Total Units	34

Report Parameters	
Inflation	2.50%
Interest Rate on Reserve Deposit	0.10%
2021 Beginning Balance	\$222,615

Threshold Funding Fully Reserved Model Summary

- This study utilizes the cash flow method and the threshold funding model, which establishes a reserve funding goal that
 keeps the reserve balance above a specified dollar or percent funded amount. The threshold method assumes that the
 threshold method is funded with a positive threshold balance, therefore, "fully reserved".
- The following items were not included in the analysis because they have useful lives greater than 30 years: grading/drainage; foundation/footings; storm drains; telephone, cable, and internet lines.
- This funding scenario begins with a contribution of \$76,000 in 2021, \$1,700,000 in 2022, \$105,000 in 2023 and increases 2.50% each year for the remaining years of the study. A minimum balance of \$55,986 is maintained.
- The Association plans to pay for the siding replacement, initial painting of siding and seismic upgrade of the buildings with special assessment.
- The purpose of this study is to insure that adequate replacement funds are available when components reach the end of their useful life. Components will be replaced as required, not necessarily in their expected replacement year. This analysis should be updated annually.

Required Month Contribution \$6,333.33 \$186.27 per unit monthly Average Net Month Interest Earned Total Month Allocation to Reserves \$186.56 per unit monthly

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Cash Flow Method - Threshold Funding Model Projection

Beginning Balance: \$222,615

υ				Projected
	Annual	Annual	Annual	Ending
Year	Contribution	Interest	Expenditures	Reserves
2021	76,000	116	148,193	150,538
2022	1,700,000		1,640,402	210,136
2023	105,000	197	70,230	245,103
2024	107,625	269	34,316	318,681
2025	110,316	221	157,893	271,324
2026	113,074	277	55,397	329,278
2027	115,900	3	389,195	55,986
2028	118,798	90	30,334	144,539
2029	121,768	157	53,122	213,342
2030	124,812	249	31,870	306,534
2031	127,932	290	86,132	348,624
2032	131,131	95	325,079	154,770
2033	134,409	181	46,196	243,164
2034	137,769	283	35,178	346,038
2035	141,213	361	61,606	426,006
2036	144,744	432	72,511	498,671
2037	148,362	525	54,269	593,289
2038	152,071	609	67,383	678,585
2039	155,873	505	258,382	576,581
2040	159,770	468	194,842	541,977
2041	163,764	491	139,884	566,348
2042	167,858	51	606,121	128,137
2043	172,055	177	43,933	256,436
2044	176,356	307	45,031	388,068
2045	180,765	440	46,157	523,116
2046	185,284	523	101,006	607,916
2047	189,916	39	672,101	125,770
2048	194,664	182	49,706	270,910
2049	199,531	274	104,929	365,786
2050	204,519	425	52,222	518,507

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Component Summary By Category

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Description	0 5 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	, of 1	ين من		A Sugar	Jilis Jilis	عَلَمُ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُ	CHI COS
Roofing Roof - Replacement Roof - Replacement (2014) Roof - Replacement (2021-2022) Roofing - Total	2007 2014 2016	2027 2039 2021	20 25 1	0 0 0	6 18 0	40,900 SF 22,300 SF 3 Each	6.00 6.00 8,094.62	245,400 133,800 24,284 \$403,484
Siding Siding - Replacement Siding - Total	1972	2022	50	0	1	70,400 SF	17.00	1,196,800 \$1,196,800
Painting Siding - Paint Painting - Total	2022	2022	10	0	1	70,400 SF	3.00	211,200 \$211,200
Building Components Seismic Upgrade Building Components - Total	1972	2022	45	5	1	17 Each	6,622.88	112,589 \$112,589
Gutters and Downspouts Gutters & Downspouts - Replacement Gutters and Downspouts - Total	2007	2027	20	0	6	4,860 LF	11.04	53,645 \$53,645
Streets/Asphalt Asphalt - Overlay Asphalt - Repairs Asphalt - Seal Coat Streets/Asphalt - Total	2012 2008 2013	2042 2025 2023	30 30 6	0 -13 4	21 4 2	41,000 SF 41,000 SF 41,000 SF	2.76 2.21 0.44	113,119 90,487 <u>18,081</u> \$221,687
Equipment Sump Pumps - Replacement Equipment - Total	2003	2021	10	0	0	13 Each	551.91	7,175 \$7,175
Decks and Railings Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement(2021) Decks and Railings - Total	2009 2009	2022 2021	1	0	1 0	2 Each 6 Each	10,000.00 10,000.00	20,000 <u>60,000</u> \$80,000
Lighting Exterior Lights: Entrance & Roadway - Re Exterior Lights: Garage - Replacement Exterior Lights: Home - Replacement Lighting - Total	2007 2009 <i>Un</i>	2024 2024 funded	15 15	2 0	3 3	5 Each 1 Total	165.57 5,519.06	$ \begin{array}{r} 828 \\ 5,519 \\ \hline \hline $6,347 \end{array} $

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Component Summary By Category

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Description	00 SEL	, se	r S		A State of the sta	Sills Sills		CHI COST
Description	7 5	~ ~	· \(\(\sigma \)	<u> </u>	*	~		
Recreation/Pool								
Pool Bld: Interior - Upgrade	1972	2038	50	16	17	5 Each	551.91	2,760
Pool Bld: Water Heater - Replacement	1972	2021	15	0	0	1 Total	1,103.81	1,104
Pool Bld: Windows & Doors - Replacement	1972	2038	50	16	17	5 Each	551.91	2,760
Pool Cover - Replacement	2010	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	2,207.62	2,208
Pool Fence - Maintenance	2015	2021	5	0	0	160 LF	13.24	2,119
Pool Fence - Replacement	2013	2033	20	0	12	160 LF	55.19	8,830
Pool Filter - Replacement	2010	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	1,655.72	1,656
Pool Furniture - Replacement	2007	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	1,766.10	1,766
Pool Heater - Replacement	2010	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Pool Patio - Repairs	2007	2021	25	-15	0	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Pool Plaster - Replacement	2008	2023	15	0	2	1 Total	13,245.75	13,246
Pool Pump - Replacement	1972	2021	5	0	0	1 Total	1,324.57	1,325
Unit Fence - Replacement	2020	2040	20	0	19	10 Units	5,000.00	50,000
Unit Fence - Replacement(2021-2023)	2020	2021	1	0	0	2 Units	5,000.00	10,000
Recreation/Pool - Total								\$108,810
Grounds Components								
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	2016	2021	1	0	0	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Concrete Curbs & Paving - Replacement	2008	2025	24	-7	4	1,633 LF	16.56	27,038
Crawl Space - Repairs	2010	2040	30	0	19	1 Total	46,360.14	46,360
Forestry Management	2016	2021	5	0	0	1 Total	20,000.00	20,000
Forestry Management(2022)	2022	2022	1	0	1	1 Total	20,000.00	20,000
Grounds Components - Total								\$118,917
Inspections								
Building Envelope Inspection	2016	2027	5	6	6	1 Total	11,038.13	11,038
Inspections - Total	2010	2027	3	U	U	1 10tal	11,030.13	\$11,038
·F								¥11,000
Total Asset Summary								\$2,531,691

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Component Summary By Group

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Description	<u>ي يې</u>	\$ A	200	<u> </u>	₹	<i>□</i>	<i>₩</i> ₩ ₩	<u>~~~</u>
Capital								
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	2016	2021	1	0	0	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Asphalt - Overlay	2012	2042	30	0	21	41,000 SF	2.76	113,119
Asphalt - Repairs	2008	2025	30	-13	4	41,000 SF	2.21	90,487
Concrete Curbs & Paving - Replacement	2008	2025	24	-7	4	1,633 LF	16.56	27,038
Exterior Lights: Entrance & Roadway - Re	2007	2024	15	2	3	5 Each	165.57	828
Exterior Lights: Garage - Replacement	2009	2024	15	0	3	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Exterior Lights: Home - Replacement	U_{l}	nfunded						
Gutters & Downspouts - Replacement	2007	2027	20	0	6	4,860 LF	11.04	53,645
Pool Bld: Interior - Upgrade	1972	2038	50	16	17	5 Each	551.91	2,760
Pool Bld: Water Heater - Replacement	1972	2021	15	0	0	1 Total	1,103.81	1,104
Pool Bld: Windows & Doors - Replacement	1972	2038	50	16	17	5 Each	551.91	2,760
Pool Cover - Replacement	2010	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	2,207.62	2,208
Pool Fence - Replacement	2013	2033	20	0	12	160 LF	55.19	8,830
Pool Filter - Replacement	2010	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	1,655.72	1,656
Pool Furniture - Replacement	2007	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	1,766.10	1,766
Pool Heater - Replacement	2010	2021	10	0	0	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Pool Patio - Repairs	2007	2021	25	-15	0	1 Total	5,519.06	5,519
Pool Plaster - Replacement	2008	2023	15	0	2	1 Total	13,245.75	13,246
Pool Pump - Replacement	1972	2021	5	0	0	1 Total	1,324.57	1,325
Roof - Replacement	2007	2027	20	0	6	40,900 SF	6.00	245,400
Roof - Replacement (2014)	2014	2039	25	0	18	22,300 SF	6.00	133,800
Roof - Replacement (2021-2022)	2016	2021	1	0	0	3 Each	8,094.62	24,284
Seismic Upgrade	1972	2022	45	5	1	17 Each	6,622.88	112,589
Siding - Replacement	1972	2022	50	0	1	70,400 SF	17.00	1,196,800
Sump Pumps - Replacement	2003	2021	10	0	0	13 Each	551.91	7,175
Unit Fence - Replacement	2020	2040	20	0	19	10 Units	5,000.00	50,000
Unit Fence - Replacement(2021-2023)	2020	2021	1	0	0	2 Units	5,000.00	10,000
Capital - Total								\$2,122,893
Non-Capital								
	2012	2022	6	4	2	41 000 CE	0.44	10 001
Asphalt - Seal Coat	2013	2023 2027	6 5	4 6	2 6	41,000 SF 1 Total	0.44	18,081
Building Envelope Inspection	2016			-			11,038.13	11,038
Crawl Space - Repairs	2010	2040	30	0	19	1 Total	46,360.14	46,360
Forestry Management	2016	2021	5	0	0	1 Total	20,000.00	20,000
Forestry Management(2022) Pool Fence - Maintenance	2022	2022	1	0	1	1 Total	20,000.00	20,000
	2015	2021	5 10	0	0	160 LF	13.24	2,119
Siding - Paint Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	2022 2009	2022 2022	10	$0 \\ 0$	1 1	70,400 SF 2 Each	3.00 10,000.00	211,200 20,000
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement(2021)	2009	2022	1	0	0	6 Each	10,000.00	60,000
Non-Capital - Total	2009	ZUZ I	1	U	U	o Each	10,000.00	\$408,798
19011-Capitai - 10tai								\$400,798

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2021	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	5,519
Forestry Management	20,000
Pool Bld: Water Heater - Replacement	1,104
Pool Cover - Replacement	2,208
Pool Fence - Maintenance	2,119
Pool Filter - Replacement	1,656
Pool Furniture - Replacement	1,766
Pool Heater - Replacement	5,519
Pool Patio - Repairs	5,519
Pool Pump - Replacement	1,325
Roof - Replacement (2021-2022)	24,284
Sump Pumps - Replacement	7,175
Unit Fence - Replacement(2021-2023)	10,000
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement(2021)	60,000
Total for 2021	\$148,193
Replacement Year 2022	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	5,657
Forestry Management(2022)	20,500
Roof - Replacement (2021-2022)	24,891
Seismic Upgrade	115,404
Siding - Paint	216,480
Siding - Replacement	1,226,720
Unit Fence - Replacement(2021-2023)	10,250
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	20,500
Total for 2022	\$1,640,402
Replacement Year 2023	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	5,798
Asphalt - Seal Coat	18,996
Pool Plaster - Replacement	13,916
Unit Fence - Replacement(2021-2023)	10,506
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	21,012
Total for 2023	\$70,230

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2024	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	5,943
Exterior Lights: Entrance & Roadway - Replacement	892
Exterior Lights: Garage - Replacement	5,943
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	21,538
Total for 2024	\$34,316
Replacement Year 2025	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	6,092
Asphalt - Repairs	99,881
Concrete Curbs & Paving - Replacement	29,844
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	22,076
Total for 2025	\$157 , 893
Replacement Year 2026	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	6,244
Forestry Management	22,628
Pool Fence - Maintenance	2,398
Pool Pump - Replacement	1,499
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	22,628
Total for 2026	\$55,397
Davids and V. a. 2027	
Replacement Year 2027 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	6,400
Building Envelope Inspection	12,801
Gutters & Downspouts - Replacement	62,211
Roof - Replacement	284,589
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	23,194
Total for 2027	\$389,195
	\$\$\tag{\pi}\$
Replacement Year 2028	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	6,560
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	23,774
Total for 2028	\$30,334

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2029 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	6,724
Asphalt - Seal Coat	22,030
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	24,368
Total for 2029	\$53,122
Replacement Year 2030	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	6,893
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	24,977
Total for 2030	\$31,870
Replacement Year 2031	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	7,065
Forestry Management	25,602
Pool Cover - Replacement	2,826
Pool Fence - Maintenance	2,713
Pool Filter - Replacement	2,119
Pool Heater Replacement	2,261
Pool Heater - Replacement Pool Pump - Replacement	7,065 1,696
Sump Pumps - Replacement	9,184
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	25,602
Total for 2031	\$86,132
D 1	
Replacement Year 2032 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	7,241
Building Envelope Inspection	14,483
Siding - Paint	277,113
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	26,242
Total for 2032	\$325,079
Panlacament Vagr. 2033	
Replacement Year 2033 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	7,423
Pool Fence - Replacement	11,876
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	26,898
Total for 2033	\$46,196

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2034 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement Total for 2034	7,608 27,570 \$35,178
Replacement Year 2035	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal Asphalt - Seal Coat Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	7,798 25,548 28,259
Total for 2035	\$61,606
Replacement Year 2036 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal Forestry Management Pool Bld: Water Heater - Replacement Pool Fence - Maintenance Pool Pump - Replacement Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement Total for 2036 Replacement Year 2037 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal Building Envelope Inspection Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement Total for 2037	7,993 28,966 1,599 3,069 1,918 28,966 \$72,511 8,193 16,386 29,690 \$54,269
Replacement Year 2038 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal Pool Bld: Interior - Upgrade Pool Bld: Windows & Doors - Replacement Pool Plaster - Replacement Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement Total for 2038	8,398 4,199 4,199 20,155 30,432 \$67,383
Replacement Year 2039 Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	8,608

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2039 continued	
Exterior Lights: Entrance & Roadway - Replacement	1,291
Exterior Lights: Garage - Replacement	8,608
Roof - Replacement (2014)	208,682
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	31,193
Total for 2039	\$258,382
Replacement Year 2040	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	8,823
Crawl Space - Repairs	74,114
Unit Fence - Replacement	79,933
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	31,973
Total for 2040	\$194,842
Replacement Year 2041	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	9,044
Asphalt - Seal Coat	29,628
Forestry Management	32,772
Pool Cover - Replacement	3,617
Pool Fence - Maintenance	3,473
Pool Filter - Replacement	2,713
Pool Furniture - Replacement	2,894
Pool Heater - Replacement	9,044
Pool Pump - Replacement	2,170
Sump Pumps - Replacement	11,757
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	32,772
Total for 2041	\$139,884
Replacement Year 2042	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	9,270
Asphalt - Overlay	189,993
Building Envelope Inspection	18,539
Siding - Paint	354,728
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	33,592
Total for 2042	\$606,121

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2043	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	9,501
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	34,431
Total for 2043	\$43,933
Replacement Year 2044	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	9,739
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	35,292
Total for 2044	\$45,031
Replacement Year 2045	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	9,982
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	36,175
Total for 2045	\$46,157
Replacement Year 2046	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	10,232
Forestry Management	37,079
Pool Fence - Maintenance	3,929
Pool Patio - Repairs	10,232
Pool Pump - Replacement	2,456
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	37,079
Total for 2046	\$101,006
Replacement Year 2047	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	10,488
Asphalt - Seal Coat	34,359
Building Envelope Inspection	20,976
Gutters & Downspouts - Replacement	101,941
Roof - Replacement	466,332
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	38,006
Total for 2047	\$672,101
Replacement Year 2048	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	10,750

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2048 continued	
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	38,956
Total for 2048	\$49,706
Replacement Year 2049	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	11,019
Concrete Curbs & Paving - Replacement	53,980
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	39,930
Total for 2049	\$104,929
Replacement Year 2050	
Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal	11,294
Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement	40,928
Total for 2050	\$52,222

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Detail Report by Category

Roof - Replacement		40,900 SF	@ \$6.00
Asset ID	1001	Asset Cost	\$245,400.00
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Roofing	Future Cost	\$284,588.76
Placed in Service	January 2007		
Useful Life	20		
Replacement Year	2027		
Remaining Life	6		

This provision is for the replacement of the shingle roof. The property condition assessment estimated a useful life of 25 years, however based on discussions with the Association, we have reduced the life to 20 years.

The Association obtained a bid to replace the roof from Aylwin Construction.

CERTA Building Solutions estimated 40,900 square feet of roofing.

According to the Association, the roof was replaced from 2007-2012. According to the Association, they are experiencing roof leaks and are repairing them as needed.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from Bliss Roofing. The cost has been increased to account for any hidden damage. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

2006: One-half of one building (3843-45)-\$3,950

2007: Full or partial reroofing for (3835-37, 3859-61, 3891-93)-\$20,300

2008: Reroofing multiple slopes for (3867-69, 3863-65, 3871-73, 3895-97)-\$22,300

<u>2009:</u> Full or partial reroofing for (3839, 3841, 3843, 3845, 3845, 3847, 3849, 3855, 3857, 3895, 3897)-\$22,883

2010: Roof replacement for (3875-77, 3879-81, 3883-85, 3887-89)-\$23,131

2011: Replaced roofs for (3831-33; and garage roofs for 3831 thru 3849)-\$24.885

2012: Replaced garage roofs for (3875-85 and 3891-93)-\$17,813

2015: Roof/vent work-\$1,090

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Detail Report by Category

Roof - Replacement continued...

2016: 3 Roofs replaced (3863,3835,3859)-\$20,500

Roof - Replacement (2014)	22,300 SF	@ \$6.00
Asset ID	1033	Asset Cost	\$133,800.00
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Roofing	Future Cost	\$208,682.34
Placed in Service	January 2014		
Useful Life	25		
Replacement Year	2039		
Remaining Life	18		

This provision is for the replacement of the shingle roof.

The Association obtained a bid to replace the roof from Aylwin Construction.

CERTA Building Solutions estimated 22,300 square feet of roofing.

According to the Association, the roof was replaced from 2007-2012. According to the Association, they are experiencing roof leaks and are repairing them as needed.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from Bliss Roofing. The cost has been increased to account for any hidden damage. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Roof - Replacement (2	2021-2022)	3 Each	@ \$8,094.62
Asset ID	1034	Asset Cost	\$24,283.87
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Roofing	Future Cost	\$24,283.87
Placed in Service	January 2016		
Useful Life	1		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the shingle roofs in 2021 and 2022. The Association plans to replace 3 per year.

Gabriel Commons Unit Owners Association Detail Report by Category

Roof - Replacement (2021-2022) continued...

The Association obtained a bid to replace the roof from Aylwin Construction.

CERTA Building Solutions estimated 22,300 square feet of roofing.

According to the Association, the roof was replaced from 2007-2012. According to the Association, they are experiencing roof leaks and are repairing them as needed.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from Bliss Roofing. The cost has been increased to account for any hidden damage. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Roofing - Total Current Cost

\$403,484

Siding - Replacement		70,400 SF	@ \$17.00
Asset ID	1004	Asset Cost	\$1,196,800.00
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Siding	Future Cost	\$1,226,720.00
Placed in Service	January 1972		
Useful Life	50		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	1		

According to the Association, this item will be paid for with special assessment.

This provision is for the replacement of the exterior siding of the units, garages and pool building. This includes replacement of front patio walls and gates. Ensure all flashing for windows, doors, decks, sidewalls adjoining concrete, etc. are up to code.

The Association had a property condition assessment done in 2016. It found elevated moisture readings numerous discontinuities and mis-laps of weather resistive barriers. They recommended replacement of the siding in 2018. For more information please see the report completed by CERTA Building Solutions. The Association should consider replacement of windows and doors (unit owner responsibility) at that time. The cost is a estimate and the actual cost will be dependent on damage found as work is done. The Association should consult with a vendor for oversight and obtain multiple bids for this work.

According to AE Associates, there is 70,400 square feet of siding.

According to information provided by the Association, siding repairs of \$95,201 were done in 2008 and \$105.084 in 2012.

In 2004 the Association obtained the following information.

The Association received bid from Peoples Choice Contracting and A Cut Above Siding & Windows to replace siding. The bids are as follows:

Peoples Choice Contracting (360) 604-9800

\$340,000 - Replace siding with Alcoa Vinyl Siding

A Cut Above Siding & Windows (503) 643-1121

\$530,000 - Replace siding with Hardi-Plank Sentry siding and paint

\$100,000 - Dry rot and miscellaneous repairs

\$100,000 - Deck repairs

Siding - Replacement continued...

\$730,000 - Total

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from a Clow Roofing and Siding. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Siding - Total Current Cost

\$1,196,800

Siding - Paint		70,400 SF	@ \$3.00
Asset ID	1002	Asset Cost	\$211,200.00
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Painting	Future Cost	\$216,480.00
Placed in Service	January 2022		
Useful Life	10		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	1		

According to the Association, the initial paint in 2022 will be paid for with special assessment.

This provision is for the painting of the exterior siding units, garages and pool building.

According to the Association, the buildings were painted in 2009 for \$79,785.

According to AE Associates, there is 70,400 square feet of siding.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from a local vendor. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Painting - Total Current Cost

\$211,200

Seismic Upgrade		17 Each	@ \$6,622.88
Asset ID	1036	Asset Cost	\$112,588.91
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Building Components	Future Cost	\$115,403.63
Placed in Service	January 1972		
Useful Life	45		
Adjustment	5		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	1		

According to the Association, this item will be paid for with special assessment.

This provision is for a seismic upgrade of the buildings.

The cost is based on a quote received by the Association.

Building Components - Total Current Cost

\$112,589

Gutters & Downspouts	- Replacement	4,860 LF	@ \$11.04
Asset ID	1006	Asset Cost	\$53,644.68
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Gutter	s and Downspouts	Future Cost	\$62,211.38
Placed in Service	January 2007		
Useful Life	20		
Replacement Year	2027		
Remaining Life	6		

This provision is for the replacement of the gutters and downspouts.

According to the Association, repairs have been done in 2008 for \$4,337.

AE Associates estimated 3,132 feet of gutters and 1,728 feel of downspouts.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Gutters and Downspouts - Total Current Cost

\$53,645

(Asphalt - Overlay)		41,000 SF	@ \$2.76
Asset ID	1030	Asset Cost	\$113,119.00
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Streets/Asphalt	Future Cost	\$189,992.62
Placed in Service	January 2012		
Useful Life	30		
Replacement Year	2042		
Remaining Life	21		

This provision is for the overlay of the asphalt.

According to CERTA Building Solutions, there is 41,000 square feet of asphalt.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from Coast Pavement. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

(Asphalt - Repairs)		41,000 SF	@ \$2.21
Asset ID	1008	Asset Cost	\$90,487.00
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Streets/Asphalt	Future Cost	\$99,880.72
Placed in Service	January 2008		
Useful Life	30		
Adjustment	-13		
Replacement Year	2025		
Remaining Life	4		

This provision is for the repair of the asphalt including repair for sink holes and degraded surfaces.

According to CERTA Building Solutions, there is 41,000 square feet of asphalt.

According to information provided by the Association, they spent \$6,337 in 2010, \$5,089 in 2011 and \$11,596 in 2013 for seal coating.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from Coast Pavement. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Asphalt - Repairs continued...

2008: \$8,660-Asphalt repairs

2012: \$7,557-Asphalt repairs

Asphalt - Seal Coat		41,000 SF	@ \$0.44
Asset ID	1007	Asset Cost	\$18,081.00
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Streets/Asphalt	Future Cost	\$18,996.35
Placed in Service	January 2013		
Useful Life	6		
Adjustment	4		
Replacement Year	2023		
Remaining Life	2		

This provision is for the seal coating and repair of the asphalt. Crack sealing should be done as needed.

According to CERTA Building Solutions, there is 41,000 square feet of asphalt.

According to information provided by the Association, they spent \$6,337 in 2010, \$5,089 in 2011 and \$11,596 in 2013 for seal coating.

The cost is based on a per square foot estimate from Coast Pavement. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

2010: \$6,337-Asphalt Sealcoat

2011: \$5,089-Asphalt Sealcoat

2013: \$11,596-Asphalt Sealcoat

Streets/Asphalt - Total Current Cost

\$221,687

Sump Pumps - Replacement		13 Each	@ \$551.91
Asset ID	1024	Asset Cost	\$7,174.78
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Equipment	Future Cost	\$7,174.78
Placed in Service	January 2003		
Useful Life	10		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the sump pumps.

According to the Association there are 13 sump pumps. Life of the pump may vary based on usage. According to the Association, they were installed from 2003-2005.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Equipment - Total Current Cost

\$7,175

Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement		2 Each	@ \$10,000.00
Asset ID	1009	Asset Cost	\$20,000.00
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Decks and Railings	Future Cost	\$20,500.00
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	1		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	1		

This provision is for the repair/replacement of the front side and read wood decks including railings. According to the Association, replacements will be done with a composite product that does not require staining.

The Association has had a property condition assessment completed in 2016. For more information regarding this component, please see the full report.

According to the Association, they spent \$18,590 in 2007, \$32,568 in 2008 and \$7,957 in 2009. (5 decks total)

This provision estimates that each deck will cost \$10,000. There are a total of 54 decks (front and back decks). This component estimates that 2 decks will be replaced every year.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater than or less than the amount provided for herein, this study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

2005: \$11,700 spent (Units not specified)

2006: \$19,846 spent (Four Units-3887-89, 3891-93)

2007: \$18,590 spent (Four Units-3843-45, 3895-97)

2008: \$32,568 spent (Six Units-3847-49, 3831-33, 3889-91)

2009: \$7,957 spent (Two units-3879-81)

Wood Deck - Repair/Replacement(2021)

		6 Each	(a) \$10,000.00
Asset ID	1037	Asset Cost	\$60,000.00
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Decks and Railings	Future Cost	\$60,000.00
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	1		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This cost is an estimate that needs to be confirmed with a bid.

This provision is for the repair/replacement of the front side and read wood decks including railings. According to the Association, replacements will be done with a composite product that does not require staining.

The Association has had a property condition assessment completed in 2016. For more information regarding this component, please see the full report.

According to the Association, they spent \$18,590 in 2007, \$32,568 in 2008 and \$7,957 in 2009. (5 decks total)

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater than or less than the amount provided for herein, this study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

2005: \$11,700 spent (Units not specified)

2006: \$19,846 spent (Four Units-3887-89, 3891-93)

2007: \$18,590 spent (Four Units-3843-45, 3895-97)

2008: \$32,568 spent (Six Units-3847-49, 3831-33, 3889-91)

2009: \$7,957 spent (Two units-3879-81)

Decks and Railings - Total Current Cost

\$80,000

Exterior Lights:	T 0	D 1	D 1
Exterior Lights.	Enirance W	. Koaaway -	Kenjacement
		120001101	1 CODIMOCILION

		5 Each	@ \$165.57
Asset ID	1011	Asset Cost	\$827.85
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Lighting	Future Cost	\$891.51
Placed in Service	January 2007		
Useful Life	15		
Adjustment	2		
Replacement Year	2024		
Remaining Life	3		

This provision is for the replacement of the light fixtures at the entrance.

According to the Association this was done in 2007.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Exterior Lights: Garage	- Replacement	1 Total	@ \$5,519.06
Asset ID	1010	Asset Cost	\$5,519.06
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Lighting	Future Cost	\$5,943.43
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	15		
Replacement Year	2024		
Remaining Life	3		

This provision is for the replacement of the garage light fixtures.

According to the Association this was done in 2009 for \$4,651 for the entire complex.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Exterior Lights: Home	- Replacement	170 Each	@ \$165.57
Asset ID	1031	Asset Cost	\$28,147.07
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Lighting	Future Cost	\$28,147.07
Placed in Service	January 1972		
Useful Life	25		
Adjustment	21		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

According to the Association, this will be paid for with operating funds.

This provision is for the replacement of the light fixtures on each home. According to the Association, each unit has 4-6 fixtures that are original. An average of 5 lights per home is used. Some have been replaced by owners.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Lighting - Total Current Cost

\$6,347

Upgrade	5 Each	@ \$551.91
1028	Asset Cost	\$2,759.53
Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$4,198.95
January 1972		
50		
16		
2038		
17		
	1028 Capital Recreation/Pool January 1972 50 16 2038	1028 Asset Cost Capital Percent Replacement Recreation/Pool Future Cost January 1972 50 16 2038

This provision is for the upgrade of the pool interior.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Bld: Water Heater	- Replacement	1 Total	@ \$1,103.81
Asset ID	1029	Asset Cost	\$1,103.81
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$1,103.81
Placed in Service	January 1972		
Useful Life	15		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the water heater.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

		Doors - Replacement	Pool Bld: Windows &
@ \$551.91	5 Each		
\$2,759.53	Asset Cost	1020	Asset ID
100%	Percent Replacement	Capital	
\$4,198.95	Future Cost	Recreation/Pool	

Placed in Service
Useful Life
Adjustment
Replacement Year
Remaining Life
Recreation Fool
January 1972

January 1972

2038

16

This provision is for the replacement of the pool building windows and doors.

Schwindt and Company estimated 3 windows and 2 doors.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Cover - Replacen	nent	1 Total	@ \$2,207.62
Asset ID	1016	Asset Cost	\$2,207.62
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$2,207.62
Placed in Service	January 2010		
Useful Life	10		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool cover. We recommend the Association contract a local vendor to maintain their pool equipment.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Fence - Maintena	nce	160 LF	@ \$13.24
Asset ID	1027	Asset Cost	\$2,119.20
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$2,119.20
Placed in Service	January 2015		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the maintenance of the pool fence. This includes staining on both sides.

Schwindt and Company estimated 160 lineal feet of fencing.

The cost is based on a per lineal foot estimate from a local vendor. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Pool Fence - Replacement		160 LF	@ \$55.19
Asset ID	1018	Asset Cost	\$8,830.40
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$11,875.91
Placed in Service	January 2013		
Useful Life	20		
Replacement Year	2033		
Remaining Life	12		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool fence.

Schwindt and Company estimated 160 lineal feet of fencing.

According to the Association, this was done in 2013 for \$7,154.

The cost is based on a per lineal foot estimate from Ricks Custom Fencing and Decking. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Pool Filter - Replacem	ent	1 Total	@ \$1,655.72
Asset ID	1013	Asset Cost	\$1,655.72
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$1,655.72
Placed in Service	January 2010		
Useful Life	10		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool filter. We recommend the Association contract a local vendor to maintain their pool equipment.

According to the Association, this was done in 2010 by Pool and Spa for \$1,150.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Furniture - Replacement		1 Total	@ \$1,766.10
Asset ID	1015	Asset Cost	\$1,766.10
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$1,766.10
Placed in Service	January 2007		
Useful Life	10		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool furniture.

Schwindt and Company counted 4 lounges and 7 chairs.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Heater - Replacement		1 Total	@ \$5,519.06
Asset ID	1012	Asset Cost	\$5,519.06
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$5,519.06
Placed in Service	January 2010		
Useful Life	10		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool heater. We recommend the Association contract a local vendor to maintain their pool equipment.

According to the Association, this was done in 2010 by Pool and Spa for \$4,000.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Patio - Repairs		1 Total	@ \$5,519.06
Asset ID	1019	Asset Cost	\$5,519.06
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$5,519.06
Placed in Service	January 2007		
Useful Life	25		
Adjustment	-15		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the repair of the pool decking. This includes the stairs by the pool.

According to the Association, \$10,560 was spent in 2007 for pool patio and drainage repairs.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Pool Plaster - Replace	ment	1 Total	@ \$13,245.75
Asset ID	1017	Asset Cost	\$13,245.75
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$13,916.32
Placed in Service	January 2008		
Useful Life	15		
Replacement Year	2023		
Remaining Life	2		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool plaster.

According to the Association, this was done in 2008 by Anderson Pool Owrks for \$5,000.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Pool Pump - Replacement		1 Total	@ \$1,324.57
Asset ID	1014	Asset Cost	\$1,324.57
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$1,324.57
Placed in Service	January 1972		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the pool pump. We recommend the Association contract a local vendor to maintain their pool equipment.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

nent	10 Units	@ \$5,000.00
1039	Asset Cost	\$50,000.00
Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$79,932.51
January 2020		
20		
2040		
19		
	1039 Capital Recreation/Pool January 2020 20 2040	1039 Capital Recreation/Pool January 2020 20 2040 Asset Cost Percent Replacement Future Cost

This provision is for the replacement of the unit fences.

The cost is based on information from the Association. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Unit Fence - Replacement(2021-2023)		2 Units	@ \$5,000.00
Asset ID	1040	Asset Cost	\$10,000.00
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Recreation/Pool	Future Cost	\$10,000.00
Placed in Service	January 2020		
Useful Life	1		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for the replacement of the unit fences.

The cost is based on information from the Association. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

The useful life assumption is based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator.

Recreation/Pool - Total Current Cost \$108,810

Arbor & Landscaping - Renewal		1 Total	@ \$5,519.06
Asset ID	1023	Asset Cost	\$5,519.06
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Grounds Components	Future Cost	\$5,519.06
Placed in Service	January 2016		
Useful Life	1		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for any arbor work (trimming/replacement) landscaping renewal, (replanting drainage) and irrigation work that may be needed. This should include replacement of irrigation backflow, controllers, and drainage. The Association should consult with their landscaping vendor to devise a plan moving forward.

According to the Association they spend approximately \$3-5,000 every year.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater than or less than the amount provided for herein, this study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

<u>2005-2006:</u> \$15,324 Special Assessment for drainage barrier trench in commons area below upper units; plus \$6,275 spent from Reserve Fund for this project.

2006: \$51,350 for "Drainage enhancements"

2007: \$10,560 for "Drainage enhancements"

2008: \$5,260 for "Drainage enhancements"

2009: \$4,651 for "Drainage enhancements" at 3885

Concrete Curbs & P	aving - Replacement	1,633 LF	@ \$16.56
Asset ID	1021	Asset Cost	\$27,037.58
	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Grounds Components	Future Cost	\$29,844.43
Placed in Service	January 2008		
Useful Life	24		
Adjustment	-7		
Replacement Year	2025		
Remaining Life	4		

This provision is for the repair of the curbing and concrete paving. It is estimated that 25% of the total area will need repair.

Schwindt and Company estimated 1,633 lineal feet of curbing.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means and/or The National Construction Estimator. The Association should obtain a bid to confirm this estimate.

2006: Foundation/drainage repairs (3831-33,3895-97)-\$29,750

2015: \$11,400 for concrete footing/foundation work at 3879-3881

Crawl Space - Repair	rs	1 Total	@ \$46,360.14
Asset ID	1005	Asset Cost	\$46,360.14
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Grounds Components	Future Cost	\$74,113.65
Placed in Service	January 2010		
Useful Life	30		
Replacement Year	2040		
Remaining Life	19		

This provision is for the repair of the crawl spaces.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater than or less than the amount provided for herein, this study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

2004-2005: \$34,000 spent on crawlspace repairs; a special assessment covered much of the work.

2010: \$39,535 spent on crawlspace repairs for (3855, 3857, 3861, 3871, 3873)

Crawl Space - Repairs continued...

2011: \$36,610 spent on crawlspace repairs

2012: \$45,390 spent on crawlspace repairs for 3843-48 and 3887-89

2013: \$47,560 spent on crawlspace repairs for 3879-81, 3883-85, 3839-41

Forestry Manageme	ent	1 Total	@ \$20,000.00
Asset ID	1035	Asset Cost	\$20,000.00
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Grounds Components	Future Cost	\$20,000.00
Placed in Service	January 2016		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2021		
Remaining Life	0		

This provision is for forestry management.

The cost and useful life are based on information from the Association.

Forestry Manageme	nt(2022)	1 Total	@ \$20,000.00
Asset ID	1038	Asset Cost	\$20,000.00
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Grounds Components	Future Cost	\$20,500.00
Placed in Service	January 2022		
Useful Life	1		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	1		

This provision is for forestry management.

The cost and useful life are based on information from the Association.

Grounds Components - Total Current Cost \$118,917

Building Envelope Inspection		1 Total	@ \$11,038.13
Asset ID	1022	Asset Cost	\$11,038.13
	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
	Inspections	Future Cost	\$12,800.84
Placed in Service	January 2016		
Useful Life	5		
Adjustment	6		
Replacement Year	2027		
Remaining Life	6		

This provision is for a building envelope inspection.

Inspections - Total Current Cost

\$11,038

Additional Disclosures

Levels of Service

The following three categories describe the various types of Reserve Studies from exhaustive to minimal.

- **I. Full:** A Reserve Study in which the following five Reserve Study tasks are performed:
 - Component Inventory
 - Condition Assessment (based upon on-site visual observations)
 - Life and Valuation Estimates
 - Fund Status
 - Funding Plan
- **II. Update, With Site Visit/On-Site Review:** A Reserve Study update in which the following five Reserve Study tasks are performed:
 - Component Inventory (verification only, not quantification)
 - Condition Assessment (based on on-site visual observations)
 - Life and Valuation Estimates
 - Fund Status
 - Funding Plan
- **III. Update, No Site Visit/Off Site Review:** A Reserve Study update with no on-site visual observations in which the following three Reserve Study tasks are performed:
 - Life and Valuation Estimates
 - Fund Status
 - Funding Plan

Terms and Definitions

CASH FLOW METHOD: A method of developing a reserve *Funding Plan* where contributions to the reserve fund are designed to offset the variable annual expenditures from the reserve fund. Different reserve *Funding Plans* are tested against the anticipated schedule of reserve expenses until the desired *Funding Goal* is achieved.

COMPONENT: The individual line items in the *Reserve Study* developed or updated in the *Physical Analysis*. These elements form the building blocks for the *Reserve Study*. *Components* typically are: 1) association responsibility; 2) with limited *Useful Life* expectancies; 3) predictable *Remaining Useful Life* expectancies; 4) above a minimum threshold cost; and 5) as required by local codes.

COMPONENT INVENTORY: The task of selecting and quantifying reserve *Components*. This task can be accomplished through on-site visual observations, review of association design and organizational documents, a review of established association precedents, and discussion with appropriate association representative(s) of the Association or cooperative.

COMPONENT METHOD: A method of developing a reserve Funding Plan where the total contribution is

based on the sum of contributions for individual Components. See Cash Flow Method.

CONDITION ASSESSMENT: The task of evaluating the current condition of the *Component* based on observed or reported characteristics.

CURRENT REPLACEMENT COST: See Replacement Cost.

DEFICIT: An actual or projected *Reserve Balance* that is less than the *Fully Funded Balance*. The opposite would be a *Surplus*.

EFFECTIVE AGE: The difference between *Useful Life* and *Remaining Useful Life*. Not always equivalent to chronological age since some *Components* age irregularly. Used primarily in computations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS: The portion of a *Reserve Study* where current status of the reserves (measured as cash or *Percent Funded*) and a recommended reserve contribution rate (reserve *Funding Plan*) are derived, and the projected reserve income and expense over time is presented. The *Financial Analysis* is one of the two parts of a *Reserve Study*.

FULLY FUNDED: 100% Funded. When the actual or projected *Reserve Balance* is equal to the *Fully Funded Balance*.

FULLY FUNDED BALANCE (FFB): Total accrued depreciation, an indicator against which actual or projected *Reserve Balance* can be compared. The *Reserve Balance* that is in direct proportion to the fraction of life "used up" of the current repair or *Replacement Cost*. This number is calculated for each *Component*, then added together for an association total. Two formulas can be utilized, depending on the provider's sensitivity to interest and inflation effects. Note: Both yield identical results when interest and inflation are equivalent.

```
FFB = Current Cost X Effective Age / Useful Life

or

FFB = (Current Cost X Effective Age / Useful Life) + [(Current Cost X Effective Age /

Useful Life) / (1 + Interest Rate) ^ Remaining Life] - [(Current Cost X Effective Age / Useful

Life) / (1 + Inflation Rate) ^ Remaining Life]
```

FUND STATUS: The status of the reserve fund as compared to an established benchmark such as percent funding.

FUNDING GOALS: Independent of methodology utilized, the following represent the basic categories of *Funding Plan* goals:

- Baseline Funding: Establishing a reserve funding goal of keeping the reserve cash balance above zero.
- Full Funding: Setting a reserve funding goal of attaining and maintaining reserves at or near 100% funded.

- Statutory Funding: Establishing a reserve funding goal of setting aside the specific minimum amount of reserves required by local statues.
- Threshold Funding: Establishing a reserve funding goal of keeping the *Reserve Balance* above a specified dollar or *Percent Funded* amount. Depending on the threshold, this may be more or less conservative than fully funding.

FUNDING PLAN: An association's plan to provide income to a reserve fund to offset anticipated expenditures from that fund.

FUNDING PRINCIPLES:

- Sufficient Funds When Required
- Stable Contribution Rate over the Years
- Evenly Distributed Contributions over the Years
- Fiscally Responsible

LIFE AND VALUATION ESTIMATES: The task of estimating *Useful Life*, *Remaining Useful Life*, and repair or *Replacement Costs* for the reserve *Components*.

PERCENT FUNDED: The ratio at a particular point of time (typically the beginning of the Fiscal Year) of the actual or projected *Reserve Balance* to the *Fully Funded Balance*, expressed as a percentage.

PHYSICAL ANALYSIS: The portion of the *Reserve Study* where the *Component Inventory*, *Condition Assessment*, and *Life and Valuation Estimate* tasks are performed. This represents one of the two parts of the *Reserve Study*.

REMAINING USEFUL LIFE (RUL): Also referred to as "Remaining Life" (RL). The estimated time, in years, that a reserve *Component* can be expected to continue to serve its intended function. Projects anticipated to occur in the initial year have "zero" *Remaining Useful Life*.

REPLACEMENT COST: The cost of replacing, repairing, or restoring a reserve *Component* to its original functional condition. The *Current Replacement Cost* would be the cost to replace, repair, or restore the *Component* during that particular year.

RESERVE BALANCE: Actual or projected funds as of a particular point in time that the Association has identified for use to defray the future repair or replacement of those major *Components* which the Association is obligated to maintain. Also known as reserves, reserve accounts, or cash reserves. Based upon information provided and not audited.

RESERVE PROVIDER: An individual that prepares Reserve Studies.

RESERVE STUDY: A budget planning tool which identifies the current status of the reserve fund and a stable and equitable *Funding Plan* to offset the anticipated future major common area expenditures. The *Reserve Study*

consists of two parts: the Physical Analysis and the Financial Analysis.

RESPONSIBLE CHARGE: A reserve specialist in *Responsible Charge* of a *Reserve Study* shall render regular and effective supervision to those individuals performing services which directly and materially affect the quality and competence rendered by the reserve specialist. A reserve specialist shall maintain such records as are reasonably necessary to establish that the reserve specialist exercised regular and effective supervision of a *Reserve Study* of which he was in *Responsible Charge*. A reserve specialist engaged in any of the following acts or practices shall be deemed not to have rendered the regular and effective supervision required herein:

- The regular and continuous absence from principal office premises from which professional services are rendered, except for performance of field work or presence in a field office maintained exclusively for a specific project;
- The failure to personally inspect or review the work of subordinates where necessary and appropriate;
- The rendering of a limited, cursory, or perfunctory review of plans or projects in lieu of an appropriate detailed review;
- The failure to personally be available on a reasonable basis or with adequate advance notice for consultation and inspection where circumstances require personal availability.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT: An assessment levied on the members of an association in addition to regular assessments. *Special Assessments* are often regulated by governing documents or local statutes.

SURPLUS: An actual or projected *Reserve Balance* greater than the *Fully Funded Balance*. The opposite would be a *Deficit*.

USEFUL LIFE (UL): Total *Useful Life* or depreciable life. The estimated time, in years, that a *Reserve Component* can be expected to serve its intended function if properly constructed in its present application or installation.